ONLINEPORTAL FÜR ONKOLOGIE UND ONKOLOGISCHE HÄMATOLOGIE

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The data presented will refer to the following studies:

Navigation überspringen

<u>Friday, 26 September 2014</u> - Cross-comparison of cancer drug approvals among international regulatory bodies - Are life-saving anticancer drugs reaching all patients? Patterns and discrepancies of trastuzumab use in the European Union and the USA

<u>Saturday, 27 September 2014</u> Cancer during pregnancy: children prenatally exposed to CT - primary efficacy results of LUX-head & neck 1, a phase III trial (Afatinib) - results from the Phase 3 studies ROMANA 1 and 2 (Anamorelin) - Phase 3 (P04832) trial results for rolapitant.

<u>Frédéric Amant, University of Leuven, Leuven, Belgium Cancer during pregnancy: A case-control analysis of mental development and cardiac functioning of 38 children prenatally exposed to chemotherapy</u>

Jean-Pascal Machiels, Cliniques Universitaires St. Luc, Brussels, Belgium_Afatinib versus methotrexate (MTX) as second-line treatment for patients with recurrent and/or metastatic (R/M) head and neck squamous cell carcinoma (HNSCC) who progressed after platinum-based therapy: primary efficacy results of LUX-head & neck 1, a pha_

David Currow, Flinders University, Adelaide, Australia Anamorelin for the treatment of cancer anorexia-cachexia in NSCLC: results from the Phase 3 studies ROMANA 1 and 2

<u>Bernardo Leon Rapoport, The Medical Oncology Centre – Rosebank, Johannesburg, South Africa</u> Phase 3 (P04832) trial results for rolapitant, a novel NK-1 receptor antagonist, in the prevention of chemotherapy-induced nausea and vomiting (CINV) in subjects receiving cisplatin-



based chemotherapy

<u>Sunday. 28 September 2014</u> The IMPRESS study (Gefitinib) - Final OS analysis from CLEOPATRA – MAGRIT: efficacy of the recMAGE-A3+ AS15 cancer immunotherapeutic in resected MAGE-A3+ NSCLC - CIRCCa: carboplatin-paclitaxel with/without cediranib in metastatic/recurrent cervical cancer

<u>Tony Mok, The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shatin, China LBA2 Gefitinib/chemotherapy vs chemotherapy in epidermal growth</u> factor receptor (EGFR) mutation-positive non-small-cell lung cancer (NSCLC) after progression on first-line gefitinib: the Phase III, randomised IMPRESS study_

<u>Sandra Swain, Washington Cancer Institute, Washington, United States</u> 3500 Final overall survival (OS) analysis from the <u>CLEOPATRA study of first-line (1L) pertuzumab (Ptz), trastuzumab (T), and docetaxel (D) in patients (pts) with HER2-positive metastatic breast cancer</u> (<u>MBC</u>)

Johan F. Vansteenkiste, University Hospitals Leuven - Campus Gasthuisberg, Leuven, Belgium 11730 MAGRIT, a doubleblind, randomized, placebo-controlled Phase III study to assess the efficacy of the recMAGE-A3 + AS15 cancer immunotherapeutic as adjuvant therapy in patients with resected MAGE-A3-positive non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC)

<u>Raymond Symonds, University Hospitals of Leicester NHS Trust Leicester Royal Infirmary, Leicester, United Kingdom</u> LBA25 CIRCCa: A randomised double blind phase II trial of carboplatin-paclitaxel plus cediranib versus carboplatin-paclitaxel plus placebo in metastatic/recurrent cervical cancer. (CRUK Grant Ref: C1256/A11416)

<u>Monday, 29 September 2014</u> <u>Melanoma: - nivolumab vs. CT - Vemurafenib +/- Cobimetinib in Untreated BRAFV600 Mutation - COMBI-v:</u> dabrafenib + trametinib vs. vemurafenib in BRAF V600E/K + - Neoadjuvant CT and extrapleural pneumonectomy of MPM) +/- hemithoracic radiotherapy: SAKK17/04

<u>Grant McArthur, Peter MacCallum Cancer Centre, Melbourne, Australia LBA5 Phase 3. Double-Blind. Placebo-Controlled Study of</u> Vemurafenib Versus Vemurafenib + Cobimetinib in Previously Untreated BRAFV600 Mutation–Positive Patients With Unresectable Locally Advanced or Metastatic Melanoma (NCT01689519)</u>



Jeffrey Weber, H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center & Research Institute, Tampa, United States LBA3 A phase 3 randomized, openlabel study of nivolumab (anti-PD-1; BMS-936558; ONO-4538) versus investigator's choice chemotherapy (ICC) in patients with advanced melanoma after prior anti-CTLA-4 therapy______

Caroline Robert, Gustave Roussy, Villejuif, France LBA4 COMBI-v: A randomised, open-label. Phase III study comparing the combination of dabrafenib and trametinib to vemurafenib as firstline therapy in patients (pts) with unresectable or metastatic BRAF V600E/K mutation-positive cutaneous melanoma

<u>Rolf Stahel, Universitätsspital Zürich, Zürich, Switzerland LBA37 Neoadjuvant chemotherapy and extrapleural pneumonectomy of</u> malignant pleural mesothelioma (MPM) with or without hemithoracic radiotherapy: final results of the randomized multicenter phase II trial SAKK17/04_

<u>Tuesday, 30 September 2014</u> Top practice changes to implement after ESMO 2014 - The paradigm of precision medicine: reality or dream? - Congress figures take-home messages