Towards A Human Breast Cell Atlas

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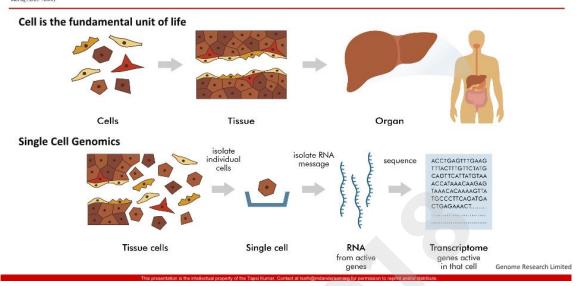
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Nothing to Disclose



Making Cancer History

Cell: Basic Building block of life



MDAnderson Cancer Center

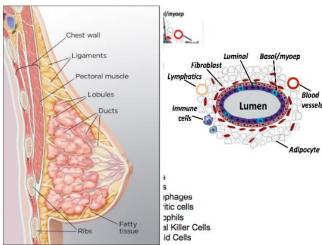
Anatomy of Cell Types in the Human Breast

Known cell types Luminar epithenal

- Basal epithuminal epithelial
- Fibroblastsbasal epithelial
- Adipocytes nyoepithelial Endothelial College Endothelial Endothelial College Endothelial E

- Neuronal adipocytes
- Smooth muscle sothelial cells
 Skin cells
- Immuhe cellascular cells
 - - •T-ceadipocytes
 - •Madyphphatic cells
 - ·Masheuronal
 - smooth muscle

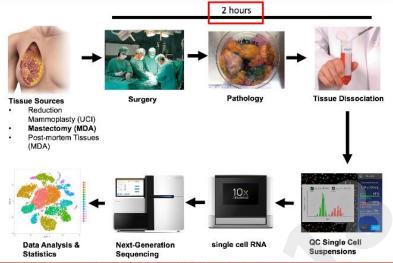
• immunocytes
Important biological variations in the breast include: age parity/pregnancy, menopausal status



https://www.mskcc.org/cancer-care/types/breast/anatomy-breast



Program for Rapid Breast Tissue Collection & Processing

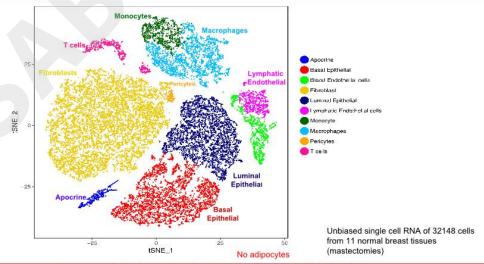


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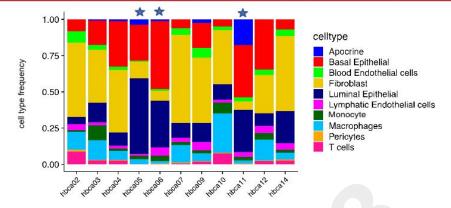
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Cell Types identified in Breast Tissues from 11 Women



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Cell Type Composition varies in different patients



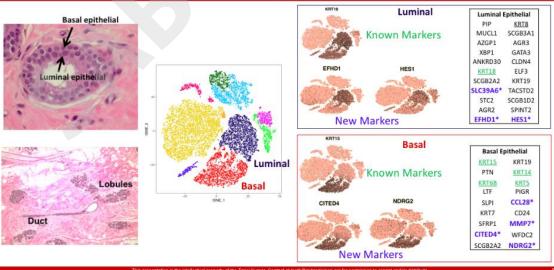
- · Fibroblasts and Epithelial cells are most abundant cell types, but their frequencies vary across women
- Unexpectedly, immune cell populations (T-cells, macrophages) were identified in many normal breast tissues and vary across women
- Adipocytes were removed during dissociation process and are were not identified in the datasets

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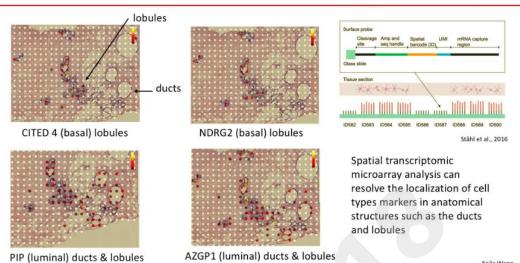
Known and Novel Markers of Epithelial Cell Types



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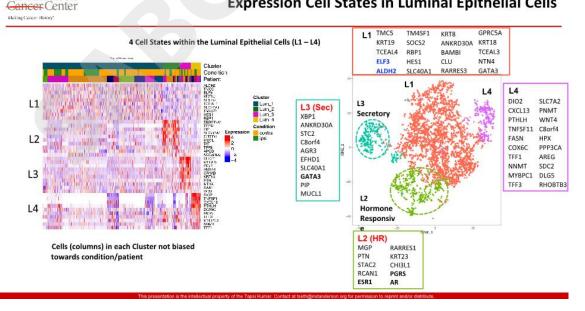
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Validation of Epithelial Markers in **Ducts and Lobules by Spatial Transcriptomics**

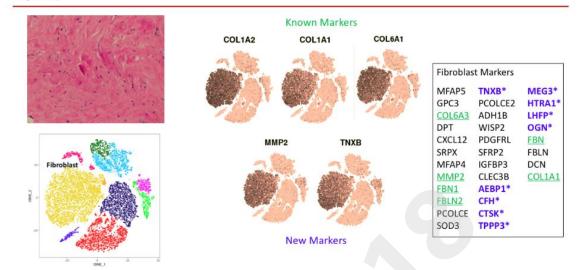


Expression Cell States in Luminal Epithelial Cells

Kaile Wang



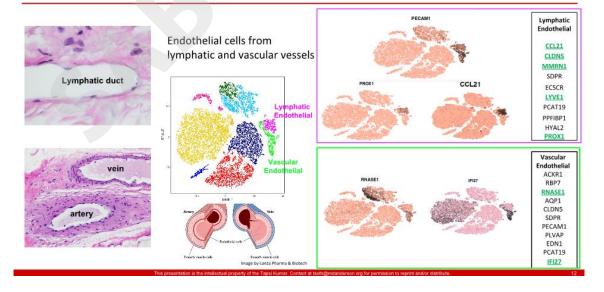
Fibroblast Cells in Normal Breast Tissue



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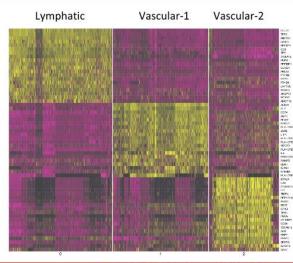
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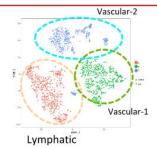
Endothelial Cell Groups





Three Groups of Endothelial Cells





Vascular-1 Jak Stat Signaling Pathway Hematopoietic cell lineage Antigen Processing and presentation

Vascular-2 PPAR Signaling Pathway Focal Adhesion ECM Receptor Interaction

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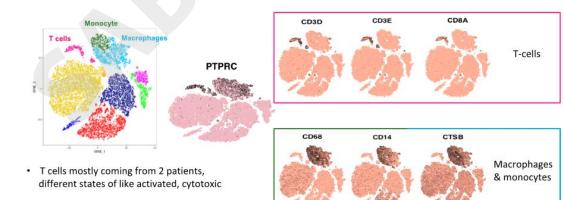


Macrophages & Monocyte group is most

abundant immune population

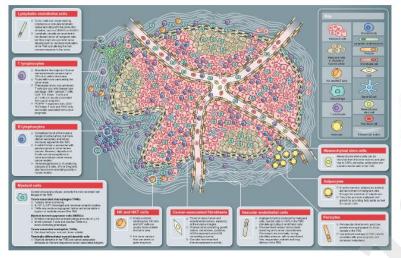
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Immune Cells





Stromal Cell Types in the Breast Tumor Microenvironment



Carcinoma Associated Fibroblasts (CAFs), Tumor Endothelial Cells (TECs), Tumor Associated Macrophages (TAMs), T-cells,

Tumor Associated Adipocytes (TAAs),

Balkwill et al., 2012

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Summary

- Major cell types in the breast include epithelial cells (luminal, basal), fibroblasts and endothelial cells (lymphatic, vascular).
- Minor cell types include immune cells (macrophages, t-cells), apocrine cells, pericytes and others.
- Notably adipocytes were not detected as they were removed during dissociation protocol, which are now being isolated by single nucleus RNA sequencing
- Single cell RNA sequencing identified 2-6 cell states (expression programs) for most cell types, many of which relate to unknown biological functions
- Many new markers were identified for most cell types and cell states in the breast, and are being spatially validated



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